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- (2) The amount in controversy is \$1,000 or more.
- (b) Review of Board decision. Any party, including the M+C organization, may request judicial review (upon notifying the other parties) of the Board decision if—
- (1) It is the final decision of HCFA; and
- (2) The amount in controversy is \$1,000 or more.
- (c) How to request judicial review. A party must file a civil action in a district court of the United States in accordance with section 205(g) of the Act (see 20 CFR 422.210 for a description of the procedures to follow in requesting judicial review).

[63 FR 35107, June 26, 1998; 63 FR 52614, Oct. 1, 1998]

§ 422.616 Reopening and revising determinations and decisions.

- (a) An organization or reconsidered determination made by an M+C organization, a reconsidered determination made by the independent entity described in §422.592, or the decision of an ALJ or the Board that is otherwise final and binding may be reopened and revised by the entity that made the determination or decision, under the rules in §405.750 of this chapter.
- (b) Reopening may be at the instigation of any party.
- (c) The filing of a request for reopening does not relieve the M+C organization of its obligation to make payment or provide services as specified in §422.618.
- (d) Once an entity issues a revised determination or decision, any party may file an appeal.

[63 FR 35107, June 26, 1998; 63 FR 52614, Oct. 1, 1998]

§ 422.618 How an M+C organization must effectuate reconsidered determinations or decisions.

(a) Reversals by the M+C organization—(1) Requests for service. If, on reconsideration of a request for service, the M+C organization completely reverses its organization determination, the organization must authorize or provide the service under dispute as expeditiously as the enrollee's health condition requires, but no later than 30 calendar days after the date the M+C

organization receives the request for reconsideration (or no later than upon expiration of an extension described in §422.590(a)(1)).

- (2) Requests for payment. If, on reconsideration of a request for payment, the M+C organization completely reverses its organization determination, the organization must pay for the service no later than 60 calendar days after the date the M+C organization receives the request for reconsideration.
- (b) Reversals other than by the M+C organization. If the M+C organization's organization determination is reversed in whole or in part by the independent outside entity or at a higher level of appeal, the M+C organization must pay for, authorize, or provide the service under dispute as expeditiously as the enrollee's health condition requires, but no later than 60 calendar days from the date it receives notice reversing the organization determination. The M+C organization must also inform the independent, outside entity that the organization has effectuated the decision.

§ 422.620 How M+C organizations must notify enrollees of noncoverage of inpatient hospital care.

- (a) Enrollee's entitlement. Where an M+C organization has authorized coverage of the inpatient admission of an enrollee, either directly or by delegation (or the admission constitutes emergency or urgently needed care, as described in §§ 422.2 and 422.112(c)), the enrollee remains entitled to inpatient hospital care until he or she receives notice of noncoverage of that care.
- (b) Physician concurrence required. Before the M+C organization gives notice of noncoverage as described in paragraph (c) of this section, the physician who is responsible for the enrollee's hospital care must concur.
- (c) *Notice to the enrollee.* The M+C organization must give the enrollee written notice that includes the following:
- (1) The reason why inpatient hospital care is no longer needed.
- (2) The effective date of the enrollee's liability for continued inpatient care.
 - (3) The enrollee's appeal rights.
- (4) Comply with any other requirements specified by HCFA.